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Pheasant Shooting.

Pheasant shooting is over, but plover
and foreign duck may be shot until the
end of April. Large quantities of plo-
vers have recently been seen near town.
Sidney Jordan has sent to the Coast
for a collapsible rubber boat which he
will use for hunting purposes.

The British War Office has discoun-
tenanced General Buller's views on the
handling of artillery.

FIRST BILL OF
SESSION PASSED

House of Representatives Sets Aside \$45,000 for Its Spending.

ANOTHER BARRIER PLACED IN WAY
OF TERRITORIAL SECRETARY COOPER

Legislature Adjourns Early in the Afternoon in Recognition of the Inauguration of President McKinley at Washington.

DESPITE the fact that the House adjourned yesterday shortly before 2 o'clock, the business transacted was of much importance to the members, especially the passage of the Appropriation bill, by which \$45,000 is made available for the use of the Legislature for its expenses. There was little difficulty in securing its passage on the third reading, and most of the hands were raised in favor of the bill almost before the speaker could put the motion. There were three, however, who for some reason did not vote in the affirmative. One of them, Kaniho, seems "agin" the world in general and it is hinted that he has a bad liver.

This same member voted in the afternoon against adjourning in honor of the inauguration of President McKinley, the only man out of thirty who did so.

The House also repealed the resolution passed a few days since by which the House proceedings were to be printed daily and placed upon the desks of the members to be scanned by them as the secretary read the minutes. Emmelhuth attempted to stay the wave of reform in this direction, but his efforts were unavailing.

The repealing of the resolution practically ties up Secretary Cooper's hands as to obtaining a daily journal of the House and he must perforce sit idly in his office awaiting the pleasure of the members in giving him a copy of their journal.

HOUSE DOES
BUT LITTLE

Talks Over the Printing of the Daily Journal.

WENTY-TWO tired-looking Representatives bowed their heads wearily yesterday morning at 10 o'clock when the House chaplain offered the opening prayer. A few looked careworn, as if the exacting demands of Father Neptune the night before had been more than usually excessive. The freshly-shaven faces of the solons, however, indicated that they had made the most of their opportunities ashore since their arrival at Honolulu the night before.

Robertson looked fresh and full of talk, and wore a huge hibiscus of a deep red hue. Emmelhuth stroked his beard often, as if to shake the brine from its strands. Hoogs dropped in as the minutes were being read, and was subjected to a searching gaze by the spectators.

Gillilan appeared with a wise look, and deposited a package of ominous-looking documents on his desk. One was marked "fumigated." Emmelhuth went to work at once, and kept his reading glass in constant service upon the small type of the printed House documents, or upon a stack of roughly penned petitions of sundry kinds. Upon motion of Dickey the Journal of the last meeting was approved as read.

Speaker Akina announced that he had a message from one of the Government departments, which the clerk read. It was from H. M. Dow, clerk to the High Sheriff, who asked to be reimbursed by the Legislature in the sum of \$440, being the total of certain amounts over-paid into the public treasury. He referred the House for further information to the auditor, who, he said, would be able to show the amounts as stated. The speaker referred the matter to the committee on accounts.

The speaker asked for petitions, memorials and communications. Mr. Makekahu asked for reconsideration of the motion of Emmelhuth for printing the House Journal from day to day. Emmelhuth could see no reason for reconsideration. As far as he knew of the States, they must be published. If

the House did not do it, the Secretary already had tenders for this business. He advocated having them printed daily, so as to have them on their desks daily. The truth was that by this course the clerks would be saved the writing up of the Journal. The printing of the Journal each day did not necessitate any new setting up of the type, the alterations being made by lifting the type. The House would be going out of its way by making more business than before, and the clerks would have their hands full. He consulted the newspaper which furnished the lowest estimate of cost, and the manager said the Journal could be printed easily without extra cost at the rate of 100 copies daily. He was not in favor of reconsideration.

Mossman said the statement of Emmelhuth was quite comprehensive to his mind. According to the explanation it seemed if minutes were required daily for consideration for correction, the House did not trust its clerk. If it had confidence in the clerk the House could make its corrections as the deliberations progressed. The speaker ruled Mossman out of order. Neither Emmelhuth nor Mossman had a right to speak. Mossman interrogated the speaker on this point. Makekahu thought it was the proper time to reconsider the motion. The speaker thought the matter should come up under the head of resolutions. Mossman sat down.

Beckley introduced a communication from Makawao. It was an estimate for the roads in the district which was furnished to the Superintendent of Public Works. The latter official had cut down his estimates materially, although the figures furnished were very conservative. Makawao district was large. One hundred and sixty miles of road required immediate attention. The majority of the roads ran along Haleakala in steep ascents. The rain does more or less damage to the poor dirt roads. A large sum of money is needed. The recent rains caused terrific damage—probably over \$10,000. A new survey of the road to Kailua is necessary. W. O. Aiken, chairman of the Maui road board, signed the petition. Upon motion of Beckley the communication was laid on the table to be taken up with the appropriation bill. As chairman of the committee on Public Health, he said his time had been so taxed that he had had no time to prepare any report upon the quarantine bill introduced by Mahoe, but said he would be ready today. He would then report on the communication from fifty-two residents of Molokai. The speaker gave him five days' time.

Prendergast then read a communication in regard to bills Nos. 3, 9 and 10, already published. Robertson wanted to ascertain from the printing committee what had become of about seven bills which he had introduced last week. Prendergast said they would be ready in the afternoon, or today.

Robertson moved to introduce a bill

which was as follows: "An Act to appropriate money for the session of the Legislature of Hawaii for 1901." The bill provides for the appropriation of \$45,000. As the vote was being called by the usual sign, Dickey arose to a point of order, as the bill in its third and last reading should have been passed by the calling of the yeas and nays. The vote stood 25 yeas and 3 noes, as follows: Ayes—Ahuli, Aylett, Beckley, Dickey, Emmelhuth, Gillilan, Haahoe, Hoogs, Hihio, Kaauwai, Kaulamaka, Kawahoe, Keiki, Kekoa, Kekoa, Mahoe, Makekahu, Makekahu, Monsarrat, Mossman, Nalima, Paie, Prendergast, Puuki, Robertson, Wilcox. Noes—Ewalo, Kaniho, Kumale.

Midway during the morning proceedings a framed copy of the bill of McKinley and Roosevelt was brought into the House and placed upon a table on the platform near the speaker. The Republican members nodded their approval of the act, acquisition, and it was believed by many that some one had a resolution up his sleeve to adjourn in honor of the inauguration of McKinley in Washington. These expectations, however, were dispelled, as nothing in the shape of a resolution or endorsement was introduced.

The House adjourned until 1:30 o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

At 1:45 yesterday afternoon the House adjourned in honor of the inauguration of McKinley and Roosevelt, the motion being made by Representative Dickey. Mr. Dickey did not grow eloquent over the occasion, but made his motion in a few straightforward words. He said:

"This is the day of the inauguration of the President and Vice President of the United States, and I move that we do adjourn out of respect to the President of the United States."

The motion was greeted with a chorus of "kokuas" and "seconds." When the speaker put the motion to the House the yeas came out in full force, and only as a matter of custom did the speaker ask for the contrary votes, when to the consternation of the House members, Kaniho entered a lone, solitary "no." An instant later the members laughed at the spectacle of the one lone man, against the nine and twenty others, and one said sotto voce, "That's one way of getting notoriety in the Legislature—vote against the majority, alone."

The adjournment was taken until 10 o'clock this morning.

When the afternoon session opened the speaker called for the order of the day on bills 2, 3, 4, 5 and 7. Dickey said the first three had not been received from the printing committee. He moved that bill 5 be read by title for its second reading. This was an act to authorize the removal of persons under guardianship, and the personal property of such persons out of this Territory, introduced February 27 by A. G. M. Robertson, passing its first reading the same day. The second reading by title was voted upon favorably.

Kaniho called for bill No. 8. The speaker said he did not have it in the printed form. The manuscript, however, was discovered under a pile of documentary debris. This related to attendance at school. Upon motion it

suits upon contracts before district magistrates, and an act relating to desertion of husband or wife.

Robertson wanted to introduce a bill relating to practice and procedure in criminal cases, and amending sections 1, 2, 3 and 4 of chapter 40, of the Session Laws of 1876, and moved it be read for the first time by title, which was done. He also gave notice of his intention to introduce several bills, among which was one relating to the sale of alcohol, amending section 15, and repealing sections 10, 13 and 14, of act 64, of the Session Laws of 1898; also, an act to amend section 2 of chapter 1, of the Penal Code, defining felonies and misdemeanors.

Keikioa gave notice of his intention to introduce a bill as follows: An act to construct a railroad from Kailua, North Kona, to Pahala, Kau.

Makekahu asked for the resolution which provided for the selection of S. K. Pua as general clerk for the House, introduced by J. Emmelhuth March 1. The resolution was read in full. Makekahu said a new idea had come to his mind to reconsider the daily journal business and he thought that the House distrusted the clerk. It was not proper. The Governor must sign it before it goes to the Secretary. He thought Cooper was trying to crawl into the House again. He wanted it thrown out. Emmelhuth constantly reminded Makekahu that the signing of the bills cut no figure in the making up of the Journal. Upon a call for the raising of hands the matter was thrown out, and the House will not be printed as heretofore ordered.

Mossman moved the second reading of act 1, which was as follows: "An Act to appropriate money for the session of the Legislature of Hawaii for 1901." The bill provides for the appropriation of \$45,000. As the vote was being called by the usual sign, Dickey arose to a point of order, as the bill in its third and last reading should have been passed by the calling of the yeas and nays. The vote stood 25 yeas and 3 noes, as follows: Ayes—Ahuli, Aylett, Beckley, Dickey, Emmelhuth, Gillilan, Haahoe, Hoogs, Hihio, Kaauwai, Kaulamaka, Kawahoe, Keiki, Kekoa, Kekoa, Mahoe, Makekahu, Makekahu, Monsarrat, Mossman, Nalima, Paie, Prendergast, Puuki, Robertson, Wilcox. Noes—Ewalo, Kaniho, Kumale.

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UNITED STATES MARSHAL RAY.

SATISFIED
HERE.

Marshal Ray Does Not Intend to Leave.

SALARY LOW BUT HEALTH BETTER

Rumor at Washington Comes From Daughter's Desire to Have Him There.

(Special Correspondence.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 14.—There is a rumor here that there may be a change in the office of the United States Marshal of the Territory of Hawaii within a short time. The rumor has it that Marshal Ray is not too well pleased in his island home and that he would not object to relinquishing his place so as to return to his duties here. Marshal Ray was the secretary and political manager of Senator Cullom. The rumor, which comes primarily from his old home in Illinois, is that the place he held is open, should he wish to be back in this country.

E. M. BOYD.

Marshal Ray was seen last night in regard to the above dispatch. He replied in answer to a question as to whether he intended resigning the Marshalship that there was nothing definite about it at all. The first intimation he had had as to his leaving Hawaii and returning to Washington was in a letter from Senator Cullom himself and one or two other Washington correspondents. He believes that the "feeler" to him came through his daughter, Miss Lillian Ray, who is now in Washington and about to be reinstated in her old position in the Pension Department. She visited Senator Cullom and expressed a desire that her father come back to Washington, and this evidently started the rumor that Marshal Ray was to resign his office as Marshal of the Territory of Hawaii.

There is, however, a story behind this latest news from Washington to the effect that Marshal Ray has always felt that he had not been dealt with properly on the salary question. His salary is much lower than that of members of the United States Court. Even the clerk of that court receives a larger salary than himself. He states that the duties are not particularly onerous but the responsibility attaches as if there were ten times the amount of present business. Marshal Ray expected when he left Washington that a movement would be started to raise the salary as at first apportioned to something like \$1,000 more. This has not been done and the Marshal is actually receiving less money, in proportion to his expenses, than what he commanded in Washington. His place in Senator Cullom's private office and committee room is open to him at any time he wishes to return to it. Even though this promise is held out to him, Marshal Ray is loath to leave Honolulu, where his health has been better than for some time past.

"You can say for me," said the Marshal, "there is absolutely nothing definite. Better salaries have been held out to me from Washington than the position I hold here in Honolulu, but the first intimation I have had of them came to me in my last mail. I am pretty well satisfied in Hawaii and providing my health hold out, believe that I will continue as Marshal of Hawaii for some time to come."

Marshal Ray has been Senator Cullom's political manager for many years and as such was the acting chairman of the Illinois Republican Central Committee. He was also chief of the surveying division of the General Land Office during the Harrison administration and has always been prominent in the political affairs of Illinois.

OPENING CIRCUIT
COURT DELAYED

Legal Party Left in Honolulu by Early Departure of Hall.

Deputy Attorney General Cathcart, Interpreter Chester Doyle and D. H. Case, stenographer for the Circuit Court, failed to go to Kauai yesterday afternoon on the W. G. Hall, to attend the opening of the Circuit Court term at Lihue. The expectation was that the Hall would leave for the Garden Isle this afternoon. The Deputy Attorney General telephoned to the Inter-Island office about 4 o'clock yesterday, asking them to be sure about his berth on the Hall for today, when he was started by the information that the Hall had already left Honolulu. Chester Doyle was in a pillbox when he heard of the steamer's departure, as he had previously understood that she would not leave until this afternoon. Another steamer leaves for Kauai tomorrow and the legal party will take passage by her.

WILCOX SAYS
LITTLE BUT
THINKS LOTS

with reference to criminal jurisdiction, on which he had given notice. He moved the bill be read for the first time by title. An act covering criminal jurisdiction of district magistrates. Upon motion of its author the bill passed its first reading.

Dickey gave notice of intention to introduce several bills: An act empowering district magistrates to issue commissions to take testimony; an act providing for judgments by default in

(Continued on Page 2.)